

EU Regulation on deforestation- and forest degradation free supply chains



Objectives of the Regulation

GENERAL

Minimise the EU's contribution to deforestation and forest degradation worldwide

(thus reducing global deforestation and forest degradation as well as greenhouse gas emissions and biodiversity loss)

SPECIFIC

Minimise risk from products/supply chains associated with deforestation / forest degradation are placed on the EU market or exported from it

Increase EU demand for and trade in legal and 'deforestation free' commodities and products



Timeline

July 2019: EU Communication on stepping up EU action to protect and restore the world's forests

September- December 2020:

Open Public
Consultation: 2nd most
popular in EU history
with 1.2 million
respondents

October 2020:

Launch of the Multistakeholder Platform on Deforestation: Workshops and feedback collected and taken into account

17 November 2021: Adoption of the proposal by the European Commission

November 2021 – December 2022: Negotiation of the Proposal with the European Parliament and Council

June 2023:

Entry into force of the regulation

30 December 2024:

Entry into application of obligations for operators (June 2025 for small and micro enterprises) and for EU Member States Competent Authorities



Functioning of the Regulation

- Mandatory Due Diligence for all operators that place the relevant products on the EU market or export them from the EU
 - Only products that are both **deforestation-free and legal** would be allowed on or exported from the EU market need to be covered by **a due diligence statement**
 - Based on internationally-backed definitions (FAO)
 - Main obligations applicable to operators and non-SME traders
 - Strict traceability linking the commodity to the plot of land where it was produced. Using **geolocation** coordinates is the simplest and most cost-effective way of obtaining the necessary geographic information.
 - Legality: Products will need to be legal according to the laws of country of production

Main elements



Commodities selected: Palm oil, soy, wood, cattle, cocoa, coffee, rubber and some derived products (e.g. chocolate, furniture, tyres, printed products), selected objectively, based on best available scientific data, and the biggest EU impact



Non-discrimination: The Regulation applies both to domestically produced and imported commodities and derived products



Progressive scope: Initially covering selected commodities and derived products; to be updated regularly



'Cut-off date' of 31 December 2020: Aligned with UNSDG 15.2, aims to minimise disruption for smallholders and facilitate satellite monitoring



Next 7 Months – Focus on **Implementation**

Clarifying operational questions via the Frequently Asked Questions

Working on Guidance Documents on technical legal matters

Setting up the IT System

Strengthening support tools to Producer Countries

Other strands: Deforestation Observatory, Risk Benchmarking etc.



Frequently Asked Questions

Key aspects of implementation for operators/traders and for competent authorities

- First published in June 2023
- Latest update in Dec 2023
- Over 80 Q/A
- New version with approx. 30 new FAQs
 -> in the next weeks, and then continue regular updates

Guidance Documents

- In the pipeline: aiming to publish in the next months.
- Selected thematic areas, such as:

Definition of agricultural use

Legality

Composite products

Certification

Due diligence



Information System (Article 33)



IT development, secondary legislation



Pilot testing, over 100 companies participated (December 2023 –January 2024)



Dedicated trainings available later in 2024



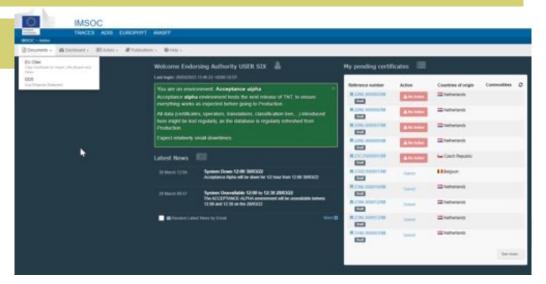
November 2024: Opening user registration for the system



Mid-December 2024: Opening system for submitting Due Diligence Statements



Interconnection with other systems via API



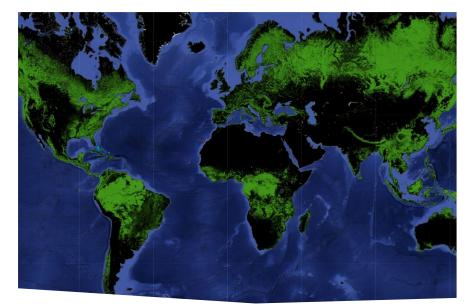
EU Observatory on Deforestation

developed by JRC and Published online in Dec 2023

Deforestation:
revised versions of
the global forest
cover map for year
2020, available in Q4

Degradation: work to start in Q2, preliminary global forest type map available in Q4







Benchmarking (Article 29)



Objective: benchmarking is a tool to help competent authorities in the EU Member States to focus scarce enforcement resources



Development of the methodology of the benchmarking is ongoing. It is essential that the methodology is solid and based on objectives factors



Transparent process foreseen

Cooperation with third countries



Cooperation with both producing and consumer countries

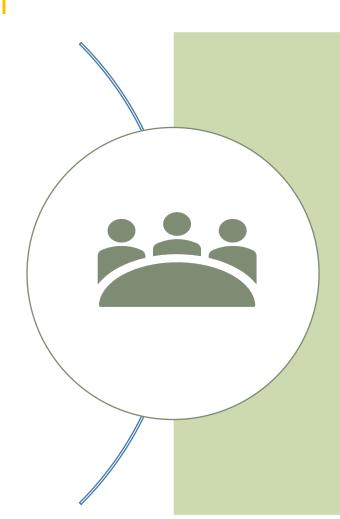
- → Engagement with other major consumer countries such as China and the USA
- → Technical mission to Brazil and Paraguay held in March 2024
- → Commissionar mission to Paraguay, Bolivia and Ecuador in March 2024 and to Ghana, Cote d'Ivoire and Uganda in April 2024



Political dialogue, public diplomacy and technical assistance

- → Active outreach to stakeholders through Commission, EU Delegations, EU Member States
- → Dedicated outreach project starting to enhance understanding in Southeast Asia and Latin America
- → Enhanced cooperation to address potential challenges in producer countries
- → Regular briefings in multilateral fora (WTO, FAO etc.)

Deforestation Multi-stakeholders Platform



- → Interested producer and consumer countries invited
- → Key sectorial associations and civil society organisations represented
- → Working on implementation with a specific focus on traceability and smallholders
- → Sharing of best practices and cooperation initiatives

 Next meetings:

June 20: 28th meeting Deforestation Platform: focus tbd

Cooperation with third countries (selected initiatives)

- Global Team Europe Initiative for Deforestation-free Value Chains (80+ M€)
 - ➤ Sustainable Agriculture for Forest Ecosystems (SAFE) programme: ongoing in BRA, IND, ZAM, ECU, VIE, DRC + 2-3 further countries upcoming (ca. 60-70 M€)
 - ➤ Technical Facility on deforestation-free value chains (7-13 M€)
 - ➤ TEI Hub (ca. 3-5 M€)
- Sustainable cocoa initiative (since 2020, 3 countries, 25M€)
- AL Invest Verde (LAM, 33 M€)
- Mark Up II, regional programme on coffee sector in East Africa (40M€)
- "Café y Bosques" sustainable coffee value chains in Central America (5M€)





Strategic aim

A coherent Team Europe approach for inclusive partnerships on deforestation-free value chains that:

1. Contributes to Article 30 and the forthcoming comprehensive strategic framework for cooperation with partner countries.

2. Focuses on the Global South and address all commodities and relevant products relating to the EUDR.

3. Facilitates an inclusive transition to deforestation-free and legal supply chains to the EU and thereby contribute to minimizing the EU's contribution to deforestation and forest degradation.

4. Coordinates existing and forthcoming initiatives and projects by the EU and Member States relevant to the operationalisation of the Deforestation Regulation.

TEI ambition

Knowledge

- Studies, Good practices
- Publications, Ressources
- Workshops, working groups

Coordination

- EU and Member states coordination
- Mapping and updating
- Internal Management

Outreach

- Multistakeholder dialogues and partnerships
- Events and summits
- Support to EU
 Delegations and MS representations

Team Europe Initiative on Deforestation-free Value Chains

TEI Governance

Strategic Guidance

Coordination and secreteriat function

Direct implementation measures

Broader project measures

TEI Steering Committee (EU+MS)



Secretariat (to be hosted by GIZ/SAFE)

SAFE programme

Long-term support measures on deforestationfree value chains BRA, ECU, IDN, ZAM, DRC, VNM, +

Technical Facility

(TF) providing demanddriven support to EUDs & partner countries (to be hosted by EFI)

AL-INVEST Verde EU Sustainable Cocoa Initiative

Regional programmes: Café y Bosques, Mark Up II Bilateral envelopes, e.g. Ethiopia, Bolivia, Laos Other relevant projects financed by EU & MS

Thank you for your attention!

Q&A

